## CLAIMS

- 1. A permselective separation membrane which is characterized in that:
- 5 (a) the permselective separation membrane is made mainly of a polysulfone-based polymer and polyvinyl pyrrolidone;
  - (b) when bovine blood at a temperature of 37°C having hematocrit value of 30%, containing 6 to 7 g/dl of total proteins and sodium citrate added thereto is flowed through a
- module comprising the permselective separation membrane packed therein at a flow rate of 200 ml/min. and a filtration rate of 20 ml/min.,
  - (i) a sieving coefficient of albumin [A] becomes not less than 0.01 and not more than 0.1 after 15 minutes; and
- 15 (ii) a sieving coefficient of albumin [B] becomes not less than 0.005 and less than 0.04 after 2 hours.
- The permselective separation membrane according to claim 1, wherein the sieving coefficient of albumin [B] after
   2 hours is less than the sieving coefficient of albumin [A] after 15 minutes.
- 3. The permselective separation membrane according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the sieving coefficient of albumin [A] after 15 minutes and the sieving coefficient of albumin [B] after 2 hours satisfy a relation of [B]/[A] = 0.1 to 0.4.
- 4. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein clearance of  $\alpha 1$ -microglobulin 30 is not less than 15 ml/min (1.0 m<sup>2</sup>).

- 5. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the amount of  $\alpha 1$ -microglobulin adsorbed is within a range from 2.0 to 20 mg/m<sup>2</sup>.
- 5 6. The permselective separation membrane according to one of claims 1 to 5, wherein a skin layer thickness of the permselective separation membrane is from 0.1 to 1.2  $\mu$ m.
- 7. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein a membrane thickness of the permselective separation membrane is from 25 to 45  $\mu$ m.
- 8. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein polyvinyl pyrrolidone is not substantially crosslinked.
  - 9. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein the polyvinyl pyrrolidone content in the uppermost layer of a surface on the blood contacting side of the permselective separation membrane is from 20 to 40% by weight.

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- 10. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the polyvinyl pyrrolidone
  25 content in a layer near the surface on blood contacting side of the permselective separation membrane is from 5 to 20% by weight.
- 11. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the polyvinyl pyrrolidone content in the surface on non-blood contacting side of the

permselective separation membrane is from 25 to 50% by weight, and a ratio [D]/[C] between the polyvinyl pyrrolidone content [D] in the uppermost layer of a surface on non-blood contacting side and the polyvinyl pyrrolidone content [C] in the uppermost layer of a surface on blood contacting side is 1.1 or higher.

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- 12. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein an aperture ratio of the surface on blood contacting side of the permselective separation membrane is from 20 to 35%.
- 13. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 12, wherein the permselective separation membrane is a hollow fiber membrane.
  - 14. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein a burst pressure of the hollow fiber membrane is 0.5 MPa or higher.
- 15. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 14, wherein thickness deviation of the hollow fiber membrane is 0.6 or more.
- 25 16. The permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 1 to 15, wherein the amount of a hydrogen peroxide elution measured on the extract liquid taken from every one of 10 equal divisions of the hollow fiber membrane cut in the longitudinal direction is 5 ppm or less.
  - 17. A method for producing a permselective separation

membrane wherein, when a membrane forming solution and an internal liquid are discharged from a tube-in-orifice type nozzle, pass an air gap and are solidified in a solidification bath,

5 the membrane forming solution is constituted from a polysulfone-based polymer, polyvinyl pyrrolidone and a solvent;

the ratio of polyvinyl pyrrolidone content to polysulfone-based polymer content is from 10 to 18% by weight;

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the internal liquid is an aqueous solution containing 30 to 60% by weight of amide-based solvent; and

a liquid temperature of the internal liquid is set 30 to 60°C lower than the temperature of the membrane forming solution and the liquid temperature is from 0 to 40°C when discharged.

- 18. The method for producing a permselective separation membrane according to claim 17, wherein the tube-in-orifice type nozzle is an internal liquid thermal medium circulation type block.
- 19. The method for producing a permselective separation membrane according to claim 17 or 18, wherein the tube-in-orifice type nozzle has a ratio of the maximum nozzle slit width to the minimum width within a range from 1.00 to 1.11.
- 20. The method for producing a permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 17 to 19, wherein the 30 membrane forming solution is filtered by means of a filter having a mesh size of 25  $\mu$ m or smaller.

21. The method for producing a permselective separation membrane according to any one of claims 17 to 20, wherein polyvinyl pyrrolidone having a hydrogen peroxide content of 300 ppm or lower is used as the raw material.

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